

# Naloxone Updates



Heather Lusk, LCSW Hawaii Health & Harm Reduction Center



# Hawai'i Health & Harm Reduction Center(HHHRC)

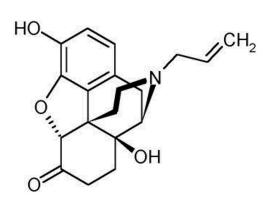
Reducing harm, promoting health, creating wellness and fighting stigma in Hawai'i and the Pacific.

Hawai'i Health & Harm Reduction Center serves Hawai'i communities by reducing the harm and fighting the stigma of HIV, hepatitis, homelessness, substance use, mental illness, and poverty in our community. We focus our efforts on those disproportionately affected by social determinants of health, including but not limited to: people living with and/or affected by HIV, hepatitis, drug use, and the transgender, LGBQ and the Native Hawaiian communities. We foster health, wellness, and systemic change in Hawai'i and the Pacific through care services, advocacy, training, HAWAI' PREVENTION, education, and capacity building.



## Agenda

- Introduction
- Opioids and overdose
- Responding to overdose
- Hawai'i naloxone laws
- Harm Reduction
- Resources





## Objectives

After this session, participants will be able to:

- Describe the symptoms of an opioid overdose and how to respond
- List the factors that increase risk of opioid overdose
- Identify where to get free naloxone across the islands

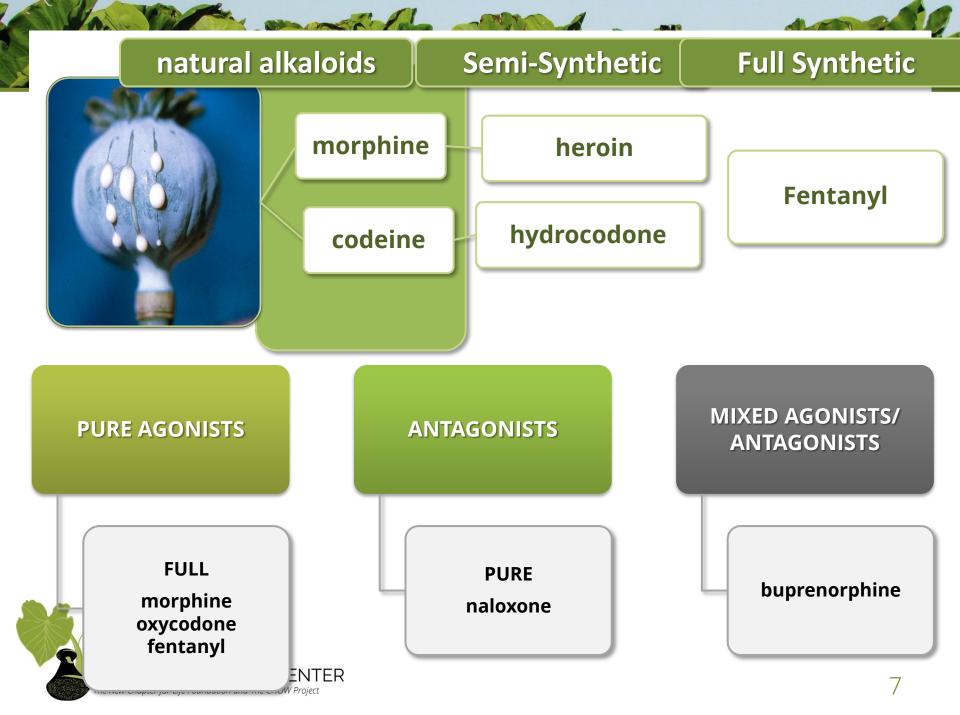


# Opioids

- •Derivatives of opium poppy plant or synthetic product that acts on the same receptors as natural derivatives
- Act on nervous system, causing pain relief, cough suppression, warm euphoric feeling, constipation, nausea, dry mouth, constricted pupils
- •Tolerance develops with ongoing use, uncomfortable withdrawal symptoms can occur with decreased dosage or cessation
- High doses can cause cessation of breathing resulting in brain damage and death







# Xylazine aka "tranq"

- Not an opioid not currently scheduled in the United States
  - Naloxone not effective
- Effects include sedation, disorientation, slurred speech, skin lesions, wounds
- Can compound overdose with opioids and require more naloxone
- Found in Hawaii very common on continent

# Fentanyl and analogs



ne New Chapter for Life Foundation and The CHOW Project

Equivalent doses of heroin and fentanyl.

Cross-contamination (shared prep surfaces, etc.) can result in enough fentanyl present to cause overdose, especially in people without opioid tolerance.

Fentanyl has been found in counterfeit pressed oxy, Xanax, etc. as well as powder and tar heroin products, cocaine products, and meth.

Fentanyl-involved overdose can cause body to be rigid rather than limp.

# Risk of Exposure to Fentanyl in First Responders and other LE



ACMT and AACT Position Statement: Preventing Occupational Fentanyl and Fentanyl Analog Exposure to Emergency Responders

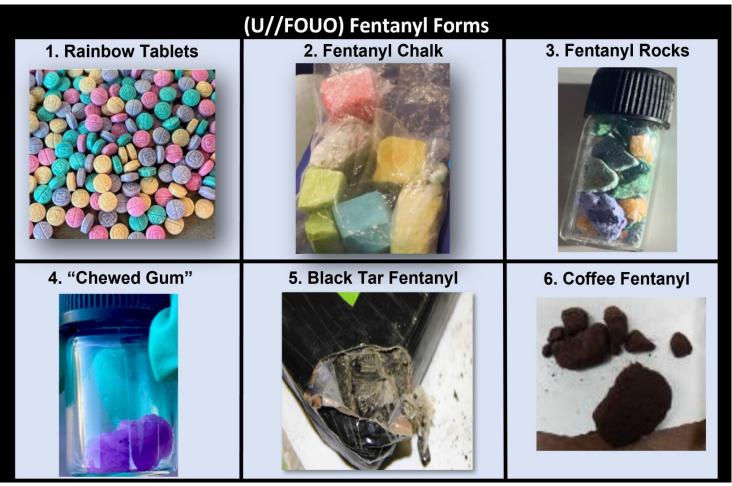
The position of the American College of Medical Toxicology (ACMT) and American Academy of Clinical Toxicology (AACT), is as follows:

Fentanyl and its analogs are potent opioid receptor agonists, but the risk of clinically significant exposure to emergency responders is extremely low. To date, we have not seen reports of emergency responders developing signs or symptoms consistent with opioid toxicity from incidental contact with opioids. Incidental dermal absorption is











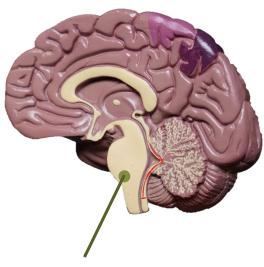
## Fentanyl in HI Drug Supply

- According to Hawaii HIDTA, fentanyl has been found in:
  - Meth/ice
  - Ecstasy
  - Cocaine
  - Heroin
  - Fake pills benzos, opioids, ecstasy



# Opioid-induced respiratory depression

- Primarily decreased rate rather than volume
- Dose-dependent
- Automatic breathing originates in the medulla
  - pre-Bötzinger Complex
     Premotor neurons → motor neurons in spinal cord
     Phrenic motor neurons → diaphragm
  - Opioids directly inhibit neurons in this area



pre-Bötzinger Complex: respiratory rhythm generator





#### Opioid Overdose

- North America has the highest drug-related mortality rate in the world, accounting for 1-in-4 drug-related deaths worldwide
- On average 130 Americans die a day from opioid overdose (CDC).
- Unintentional drug poisonings (overdose) is one of the leading causes of injury-related death in Hawai'i (along with suicide)



Figure 1. Annual number of fatal drug poisonings among Hawaii residents, by substance, 1999 through 2021

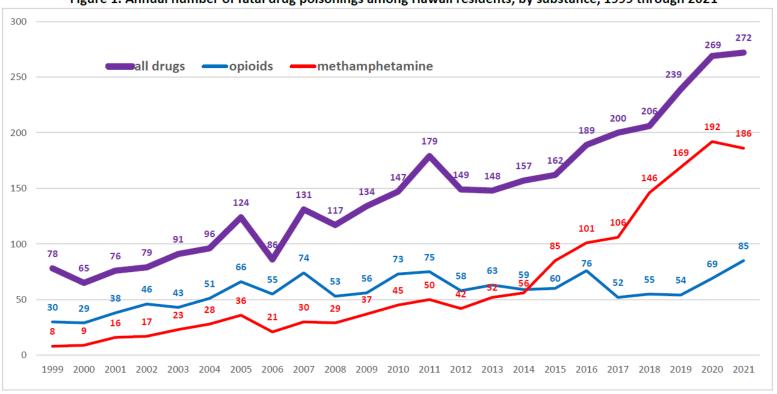
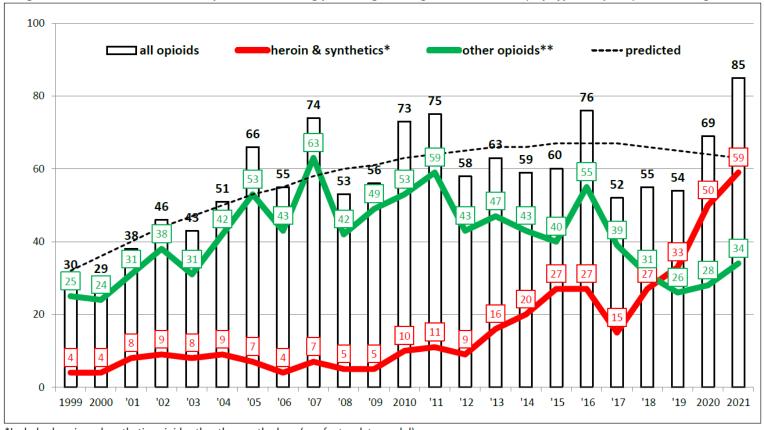




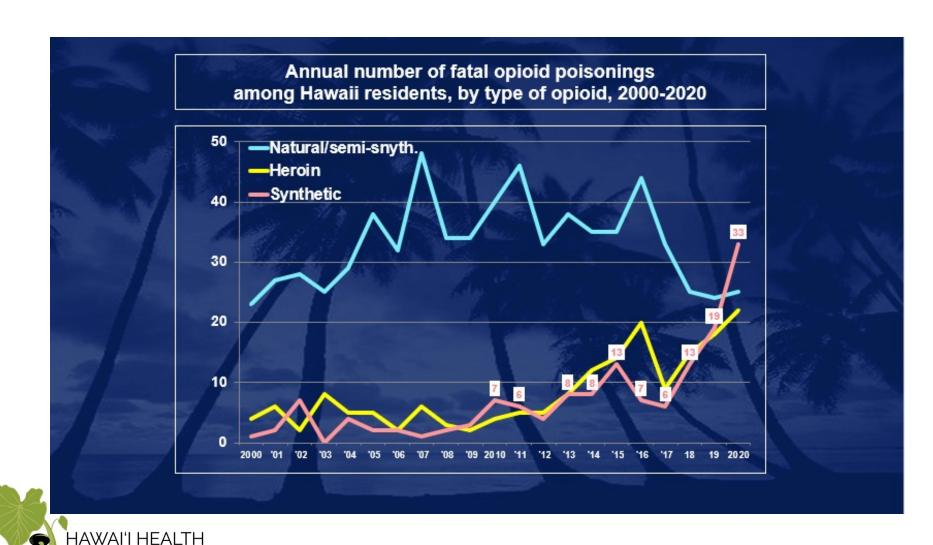
Figure 2. Annual number of fatal opioid-related drug poisonings among Hawaii residents, by type of opioid, 1999 through 2021



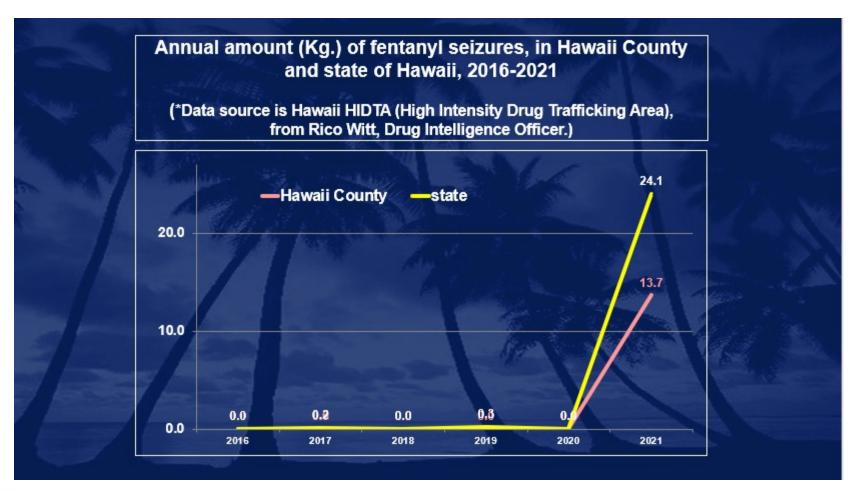
<sup>\*</sup>Includes heroin and synthetic opioids other than methadone (e.g. fentanyl, tramadol).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes naturally derived opioids (e.g. codeine, morphine), semi-synthetics (e.g. oxycodone, hydrocodone) and methadone.



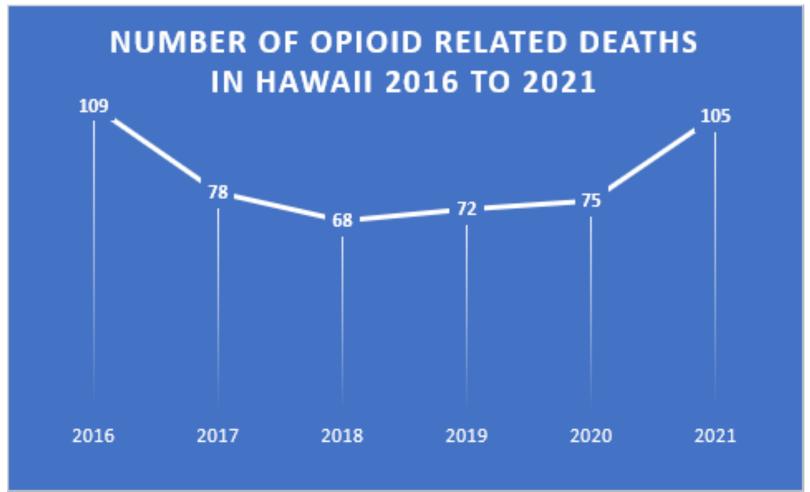


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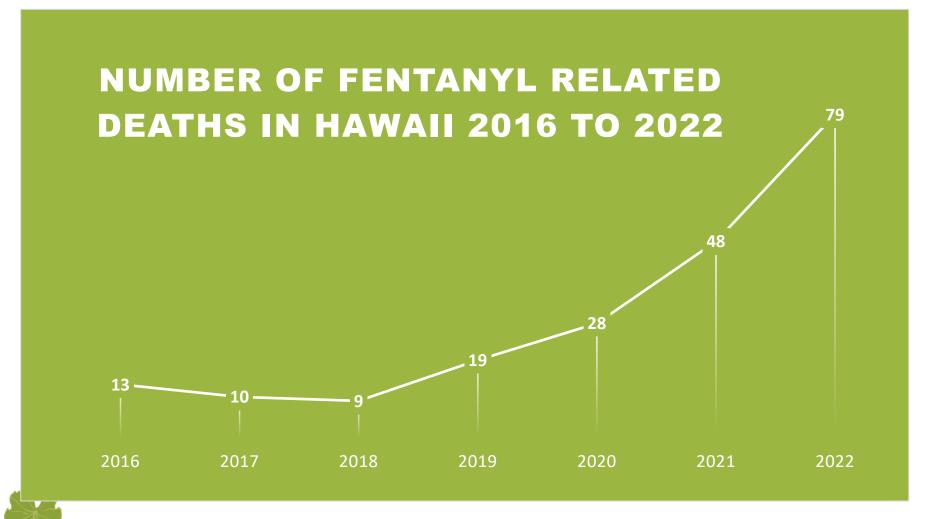






Source: HIDTA





HAWAI'I HEALTH

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Source: HIDTA





#### Fentanyl Seizures by HIDTA Hawaii 2016 to 2022

Fentanyl Seizures By HIDTA Groups *:							
Fentanyl Presentation	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Fentanyl Powder	0	38 gr	12 gr	62 gr	44 gr	11,779 gr	3,600 gr
Fentanyl Patch	3	5	0	76	0	0	0
Counterfeit Fentanyl Pills	1387	429	471	1674	1148	39,405	8,181



## Increase OD Risk

- Using opioids at the same time as other substances can increase OD risk
  - Mixing opioids with other downers like alcohol and benzodiazepines (Xanax, Valium, Ativan, Klonopin, etc.) significantly increase OD risk – as much as 10x higher risk of overdose than opioid along
  - Xylazine
- Periods of reduced use or abstinence
  - Impact of tolerance
- Highly concentrated opioids such as fentanyl



#### About Naloxone (Narcan)

- Naloxone reverses opioid-induced sedation and respiratory depression
- Not psychoactive, no abuse potential
- May cause withdrawal symptoms
- Acts within 30 seconds to 2 minutes
- May be administered IM, IV, SC, Intra-Nasal
- Lasts 30 to 90 minutes, overdose may return\*
- May be repeated

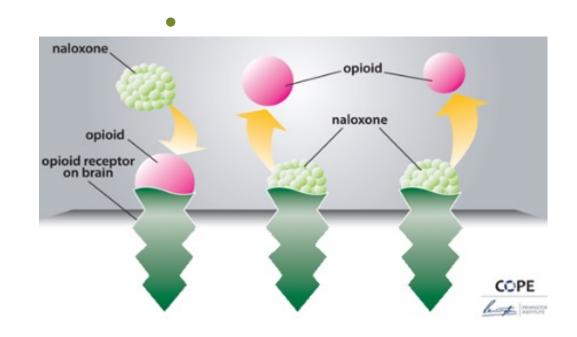






#### Naloxone reverses opioids, not...

- Alcohol
- Benzodiazepines (Xanax, Valium, Klonopin)
- Stimulants: cocaine, amphetamine, cathinones
- It will not cause harm in the absence of opioids





# Higher Amounts of Naloxone for Fentanyl?

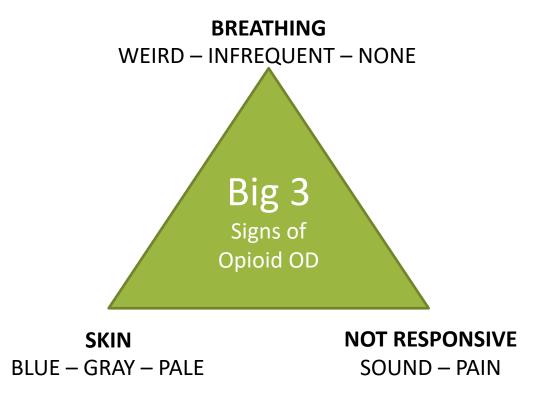
While ancedotal information indicates more than one dose (Nasal 4mg) is needed for fentanyl overdoses, need to balance with unneccessary precipitated withdrawl

- Best practice is to have multiple doses and to only give more if necessary
- 8mg formulation (Kloxxado) activevly marketing



1. Check for responsiveness

- 2. Call 911
- 3. Naloxone
- 4. Rescue breathe
- 5. Give support
- 6. Get support







- 1. Check for responsiveness
- 2. Call 911
- 3. Naloxone
- 4. Rescue breathe
- 5. Give support
- 6. Get support

Before you start...

Stay calm...

Observe your surroundings...

**Assign roles**, ask how you can help if someone else is taking the lead...



- 1. Check for responsiveness
- 2. Call 911
- 3. Naloxone
- 4. Rescue breathe
- 5. Give support
- 6. Get support

#### **Cause discomfort without hurting them**

- Sternum rub
- Back of arm pinch
- Do not do anything that could injure them

#### Raise your voice and ask for consent

- "I am worried you are overdosing. If you don't start talking to me/get up right now, I am going to give you naloxone"
- If someone cannot say no (or if they say yes), provide emergency response
- If someone can say they do not want naloxone, they don't need it and have denied consent



- 1. Check for responsiveness
- 2. **Call 911**
- 3. Naloxone
- 4. Rescue breathe
- 5. Give support
- 6. Get support

#### DO say...

"I am with someone who is NOT BREATHING and NOT RESPONSIVE", give your location.

#### DON'T say...

Anything about drugs or overdose.

#### If you need to leave the scene...

Move the person someplace they will be easily found by 911 responders and place them in the recovery position.



- 1. Check for responsiveness
- 2. Call 911
- 3. <mark>Naloxone</mark>
- 4. Rescue breathe
- 5. Give support
- 6. Get support



#### Nasal naloxone (Narcan)

Fully insert applicator tip of cartridge into nostril and press the button.

**DO NOT TEST IT-** it only contains one spray!

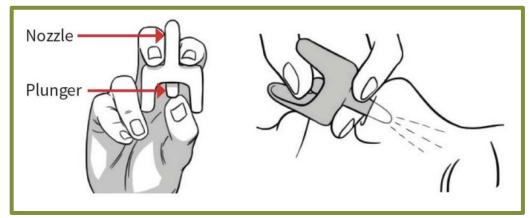


## One-step nasal spray

- 4mg single dose device
- No assembly or priming needed
- Lay the person on their back, tilt head back

- Spray once in one nostril
- Dose may be repeated every 2-3 minutes
  - New nasal spray device for every dose
  - Alternate nostrils







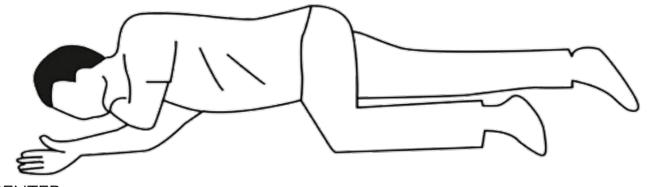
- 1. Check for responsiveness
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- 6. Get support

#### You administered naloxone – now what?

Naloxone takes up to two minutes to take effect. Use a clock or timer if possible.

While you are waiting, you can administer rescue breathing.

If you do not want to or are unable to provide rescue breathing, move the person into the **recovery position** to keep the airway clear.



- 1. Check for responsiveness
- Call 911
- Naloxone
- 4. Rescue breathe
- 5. Give support
- Get support

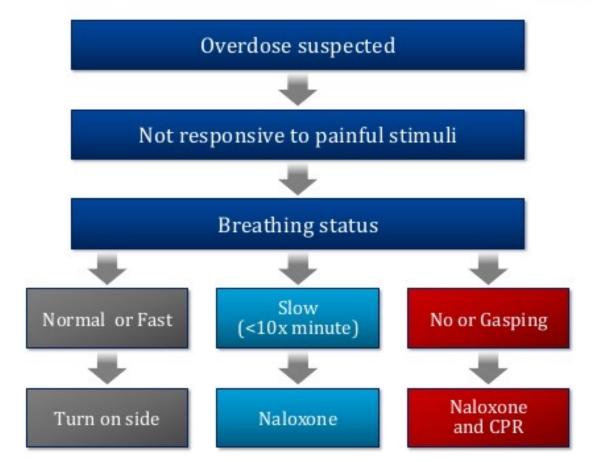
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#### Responding to overdose can be very stressful...

- Contact HR or manager whatever about support options.
- Talk to someone you trust.

#### First Responders - NY Model











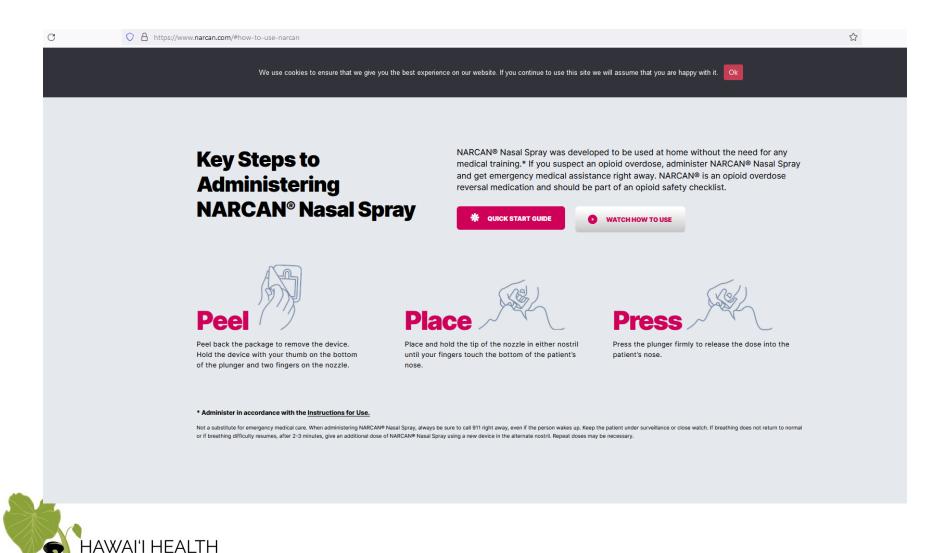
#### ~~Breathe~~

- The danger of fentanyl (and opioid) overdoses is the depression of the respiratory drive – everything else is a result of the lack of breathing.
- If you can keep them breathing, you can keep them alive.
  - (e.g. using CPR if naloxone is unavailable)
- Unconsciousness isn't necessarily a sign of overdose, it's the breathing that counts.





#### www.Narcan.com



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# **QUICK START GUIDE**

#### **Opioid Overdose Response Instructions**

Use NARCAN® (naloxone hydrochloride) Nasal Spray for known or suspected opioid overdose in adults and children. Important: For use in the nose only. Do not remove or test the NARCAN® Nasal Spray until ready to use.

# Identify Opioid Overdose and Check for Response

Ask person if he or she is okay and shout name. Shake shoulders and firmly rub the middle of their chest. Check for signs of an opioid overdose:

- Will not wake up or respond to your voice or touch
- Breathing is very slow, irregular, or has stopped
- Center part of their eye is very small, sometimes called "pinpoint pupils"

Lay the person on their back to receive a dose of NARCAN® Nasal Spray.



Give NARCAN® Nasal Spray
REMOVE NARCAN® Nasal Spray from the box.
Peel back the tab with the circle to open the
NARCAN® Nasal Spray. Hold the NARCAN®
Nasal Spray with your thumb on the bottom of the
red plunger and your first and middle fingers on
either side of the nozzle.



### Gently insert the tip of the nozzle into either nostril.

 Tilt the person's head back and provide support under the neck with your hand. Gently insert the tip of the nozzle into one nostril, until your fingers on either side of the nozzle are against the bottom of the person's nose



**Press the red plunger firmly** to give the dose of NARCAN® Nasal Spray.

 Remove the NARCAN® Nasal Spray from the nostril after giving the dose Help, Evaluate, and Support
Get emergency medical help right
away. Move the person on their side
(recovery position) after giving
NARCAN® Nasal Spray. Watch the
person closely. If the person does not
respond by waking up, to voice or touch,
or breathing normally, another dose may be
given. NARCAN® Nasal Spray may be
dosed every 2 to 3 minutes, if available.
Repeat Step 2 using a new NARCAN®
Nasal Spray to give another dose in
the other nostril. If additional NARCAN®
Nasal Sprays are available, repeat

step 2 every 2 to 3 minutes until the person responds or emergency medical help is received.







# Opioid Policies in Hawai'i

- Act 217 Good Samaritan limited immunity for individuals who call 911 in overdose
- Act 68 of 2016 (SB 2392) Provides immunity for any person who administers an opioid antagonist to a person suffering from an opioid-related drug overdose. Authorizes emergency personnel to administer opioid antagonists
- Act 255 allows pharmacists to prescribe naloxone without prescription



# Naloxone in Nightclubs and Bars in HNL - Bill 28

Free overdose prevention kits distributed to Chinatown bars and nightclubs



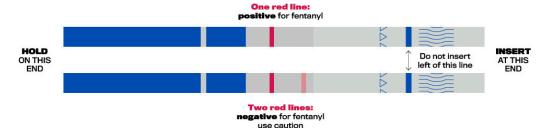
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Honolulu Mayor Rick Blangiardi held a signing ceremony for Bill 28 on Tuesday. (Photo courtesy of Office of Honolulu Mayor Rick Blangiardi)

## FENTANYL TEST STRIPS



- SB 671 passed unanimously in 2023 legislature
  - Decrminalizes fentanyl test strips
- DOH/ADAD will be disseminating FTS for community
  - Integrate into vending machines

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Xylazine test strips currently legal



# Hawaii Opioid Initiative (HOI)

- Started in July 2017 developed opioid strategic plan
  - Opioid 2.0 in Dec. 2018 with 3.0 released in 2019
- Interdisciplinary: public safety, public health, prescribers, community
- www.hawaiiopioid.org

THE HAWAII OPIOID INITIATIVE

GET THE FACTS GET HELP ▼ IN THE COMMUNITY ▼ TAKE BACK THE PLAN NEWS WATCH OUR PSA

CLICK HERE TO FIND OUT

IF YOU OR A LOVED ONE COULD BE AT RISK FOR OPIOID

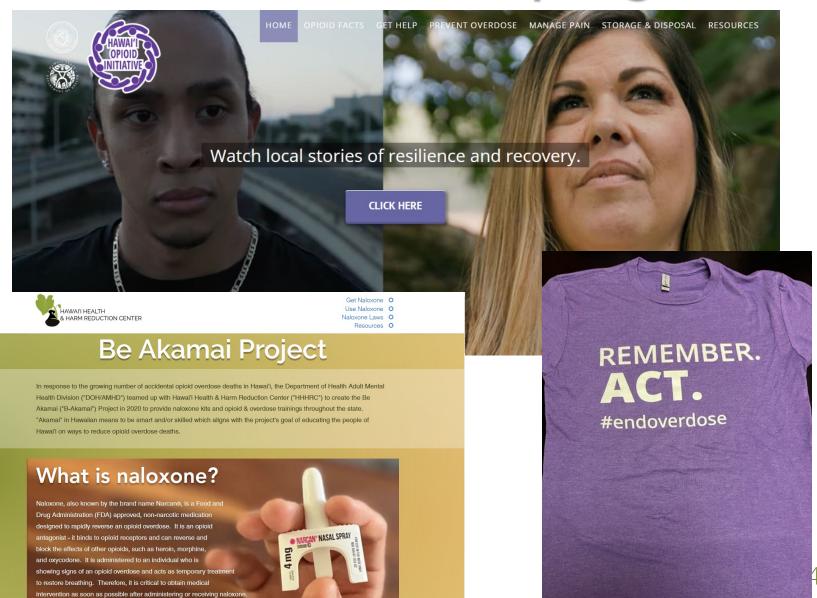
DEPENDENCE



WELCOME TO
THE HAWAII
OPIOID
INITIATIVE

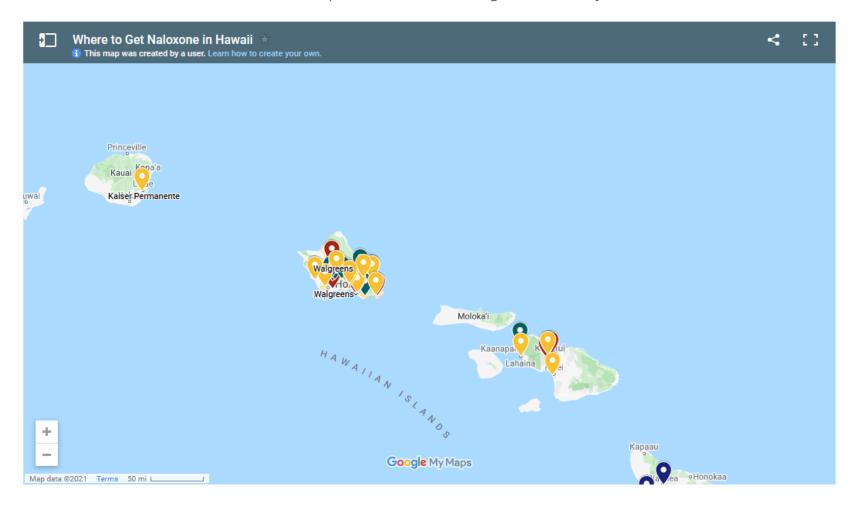
The Hawaii Opioid Initiative (HOI) is a collaboration of public health, public safety, healthcare professionals and community partners working together to respond to opioid use, misuse and opioid-related overdoses in Hawaii. Started in 2017, the HOI has seven workgroups that meet regularly to implement the HOI strategic plan and promote system

# Overdose Campaigns



## www.hawaiiopioid.org/prevent-overdose

Pharmacists in Hawai'i can prescribe and dispense Naloxone to anyone at-risk for an opioid overdose and their loved ones — Act 154(18). View the map below to find where to get Naloxone in your area.



# Naloxone Vending Machines

 30 in the islands – another 10 on order (all counties)

- Special mahalos to Erika Vargas and Alakai Vending
- Free, easy to access for anyone
  - Research from continent indicates many family and loved ones access



# Naloxone Training at www.hhhrc.org & 3rd Thursday

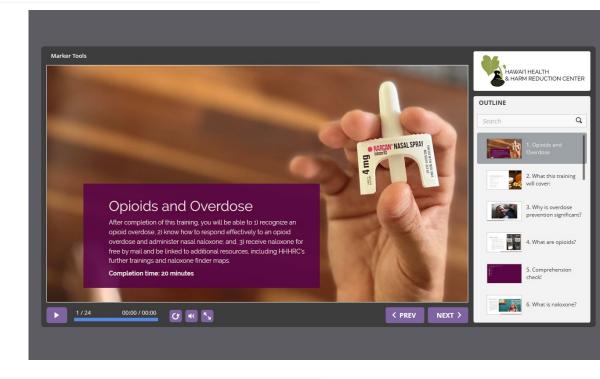
#### Every 3rd Thursday of the Month. 11am via Zoom Opioid Overdose: Prevention & Response

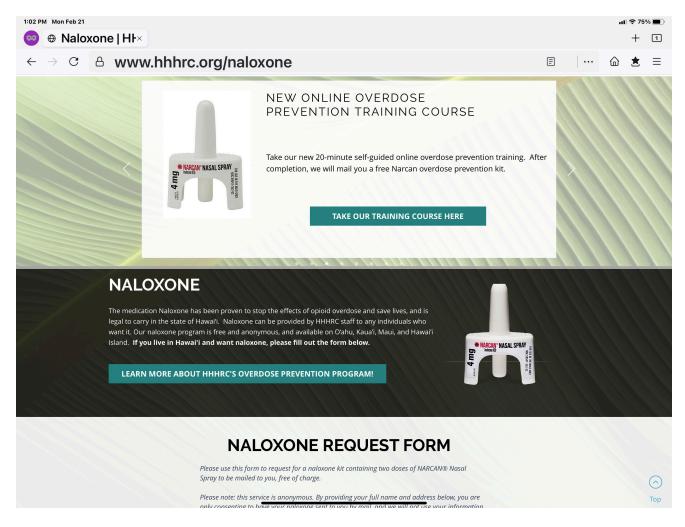
Overdose is the leading cause of accidental death in Hawaii and around the U.S. This interactive session will explore the impact of opioids on the body and identify the risks for accidental opioid overdose. Participants will be certified to administer Naloxone, the opioid antagonist. One-hour training.

# Name \* First Name Last Name Email \* email@example.com Phone \* 212-555-1212 Organization/Employer Job Title Would you like to be notified of future trainings? \* O Yes O No

reCAPTCHA

Personal Information







# NEW ONLINE OVERDOSE PREVENTION TRAINING COURSE

Take our new 20-minute self-guided online overdose prevention training. After completion, we will mail you a free Narcan overdose prevention kit.

#### TAKE OUR TRAINING COURSE HERE

to stop the effects of opioid overdose and save lives, and is ne can be provided by HHHRC staff to any individuals who

# **HHHRC Services**

#### **Street-based Services**

Outreach & Linkage to

Services

**Wound Care** 

**Syringe Exchange** 

Naloxone Distribution

**HIV/HCV/STD Testing** 

HIV/HCV Case Mgmt &

**Care Coordination** 

Law Enforcement Assisted

Diversion

#### Warm Hand Off Referrals

Wound Care\*

**Buprenorphine &** 

Other SUD services\*

HIV/HCV Testing, Case

Management & Care

Coordination\*\*

Transgender Services\*\*

**Mental Health** 

**Smoking Cessation** 

**U**o

\*referral form at www.hhhrc.org

\*\*often can transport/meet



# Clinic Location, Hours, & Contact



Phone: 808-521-2437

# www.hhhrc.org

HHHRC Clinic Location: 677 Ala Moana Blvd Suite 226 Honolulu, HI 96813
Clinic Hours (By appointment or Walk-in):

Days:	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Times:	9:00-4:30	1:00-4:30	9:00-4:30	9:00-4:30	1:00-4:30



## Overdose Resources

Prescribe to Prevent: www.prescribetoprevent.org

Hawai'i Health & Harm Reduction Center: hhhrc.org

Hawaii Opioid Initiative: hawaiiopioid.com

DOH – ADAD: health.hawaii.gov/substance-abuse/

Don't Die HI: <a href="https://westhawaiichc.org/programs/dontdiehi/">https://westhawaiichc.org/programs/dontdiehi/</a>



